

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

- (4) This insurance is excess over the amount due (whether you can collect on it or not) from any other insurance covering such property.

Each of these Extensions is additional insurance. The Additional Condition, Coinsurance, does not apply to these Extensions.

B. Exclusions And Limitations

See applicable Causes of Loss Form as shown in the Declarations.

C. Limits Of Insurance

The most we will pay for loss or damage in any one occurrence is the applicable Limit of Insurance shown in the Declarations.

The most we will pay for loss or damage to outdoor signs attached to buildings is \$1,000 per sign in any one occurrence.

The limits applicable to the Coverage Extensions and the Fire Department Service Charge and Pollutant Clean Up and Removal Additional Coverages are in addition to the Limits of Insurance.

Payments under the Preservation of Property Additional Coverage will not increase the applicable Limit of Insurance.

D. Deductible

In any one occurrence of loss or damage (hereinafter referred to as loss), we will first reduce the amount of loss if required by the Coinsurance Condition or the Agreed Value Optional Coverage. If the adjusted amount of loss is less than or equal to the Deductible, we will not pay for that loss. If the adjusted amount of loss exceeds the Deductible, we will then subtract the Deductible from the adjusted amount of loss, and will pay the resulting amount or the Limit of Insurance, whichever is less.

When the occurrence involves loss to more than one item of Covered Property and separate Limits of Insurance apply, the losses will not be combined in determining application of the Deductible. But the Deductible will be applied only once per occurrence.

Example No. 1:

(This example assumes there is no coinsurance penalty.)

Deductible:	\$250
Limit of Insurance - Bldg. 1:	\$60,000
Limit of Insurance - Bldg. 2:	\$80,000
Loss to Bldg. 1:	\$60,100
Loss to Bldg. 2:	\$90,000

The amount of loss to Bldg. 1 (\$60,100) is less than the sum (\$60,250) of the Limit of Insurance applicable to Bldg. 1 plus the Deductible.

The Deductible will be subtracted from the amount of loss in calculating the loss payable for Bldg. 1:

\$60,100
-250
\$59,850 Loss Payable - Bldg. 1

The Deductible applies once per occurrence and therefore is not subtracted in determining the amount of loss payable for Bldg. 2. Loss payable for Bldg. 2 is the Limit of Insurance of \$80,000.

Total amount of loss payable: \$59,850 + 80,000 = \$139,850

Example No. 2:

(This example, too, assumes there is no coinsurance penalty.)

The Deductible and Limits of Insurance are the same as those in Example No. 1.

Loss to Bldg. 1: \$70,000
(exceeds Limit of Insurance plus Deductible)
Loss to Bldg. 2: \$90,000
(exceeds Limit of Insurance plus Deductible)
Loss Payable - Bldg. 1: \$60,000
(Limit of Insurance)
Loss Payable - Bldg. 2: \$80,000
(Limit of Insurance)
Total amount of loss payable: \$140,000

E. Loss Conditions

The following conditions apply in addition to the Common Policy Conditions and the Commercial Property Conditions.

1. Abandonment

There can be no abandonment of any property to us.

2. Appraisal

If we and you disagree on the value of the property or the amount of loss, either may make written demand for an appraisal of the loss. In this event, each party will select a competent and impartial appraiser. The two appraisers will select an umpire. If they cannot agree, either may request that selection be made by a judge of a court having jurisdiction. The appraisers will state separately the value of the property and amount of loss. If they fail to agree, they will submit their differences to the umpire. A decision agreed to by any two will be binding. Each party will:

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

- a. Pay its chosen appraiser; and
- b. Bear the other expenses of the appraisal and umpire equally.

If there is an appraisal, we will still retain our right to deny the claim.

3. Duties In The Event Of Loss Or Damage

- a. You must see that the following are done in the event of loss or damage to Covered Property:

- (1) Notify the police if a law may have been broken.
- (2) Give us prompt notice of the loss or damage. Include a description of the property involved.
- (3) As soon as possible, give us a description of how, when and where the loss or damage occurred.
- (4) Take all reasonable steps to protect the Covered Property from further damage, and keep a record of your expenses necessary to protect the Covered Property, for consideration in the settlement of the claim. This will not increase the Limit of Insurance. However, we will not pay for any subsequent loss or damage resulting from a cause of loss that is not a Covered Cause of Loss. Also, if feasible, set the damaged property aside and in the best possible order for examination.
- (5) At our request, give us complete inventories of the damaged and undamaged property. Include quantities, costs, values and amount of loss claimed.
- (6) As often as may be reasonably required, permit us to inspect the property proving the loss or damage and examine your books and records.
Also permit us to take samples of damaged and undamaged property for inspection, testing and analysis, and permit us to make copies from your books and records.
- (7) Send us a signed, sworn proof of loss containing the information we request to investigate the claim. You must do this within 60 days after our request. We will supply you with the necessary forms.
- (8) Cooperate with us in the investigation or settlement of the claim.

- b. We may examine any insured under oath, while not in the presence of any other insured and at such times as may be reasonably required, about any matter relating to this insurance or the claim, including an insured's books and records. In the event of an examination, an insured's answers must be signed.

4. Loss Payment

- a. In the event of loss or damage covered by this Coverage Form, at our option, we will either:
 - (1) Pay the value of lost or damaged property;
 - (2) Pay the cost of repairing or replacing the lost or damaged property, subject to **b.** below;
 - (3) Take all or any part of the property at an agreed or appraised value; or
 - (4) Repair, rebuild or replace the property with other property of like kind and quality, subject to **b.** below.

We will determine the value of lost or damaged property, or the cost of its repair or replacement, in accordance with the applicable terms of the Valuation Condition in this Coverage Form or any applicable provision which amends or supersedes the Valuation Condition.

- b. The cost to repair, rebuild or replace does not include the increased cost attributable to enforcement of any ordinance or law regulating the construction, use or repair of any property.
- c. We will give notice of our intentions within 30 days after we receive the sworn proof of loss.
- d. We will not pay you more than your financial interest in the Covered Property.
- e. We may adjust losses with the owners of lost or damaged property if other than you. If we pay the owners, such payments will satisfy your claims against us for the owners' property. We will not pay the owners more than their financial interest in the Covered Property.
- f. We may elect to defend you against suits arising from claims of owners of property. We will do this at our expense.
- g. We will pay for covered loss or damage within 30 days after we receive the sworn

330X

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

proof of loss, if you have complied with all of the terms of this Coverage Part and:

- (1) We have reached agreement with you on the amount of loss; or
- (2) An appraisal award has been made.

5. Recovered Property

If either you or we recover any property after loss settlement, that party must give the other prompt notice. At your option, the property will be returned to you. You must then return to us the amount we paid to you for the property. We will pay recovery expenses and the expenses to repair the recovered property, subject to the Limit of Insurance.

6. Vacancy

a. Description Of Terms

(1) As used in this Vacancy Condition, the term building and the term vacant have the meanings set forth in **(1)(a)** and **(1)(b)** below:

(a) When this policy is issued to a tenant, and with respect to that tenant's interest in Covered Property, building means the unit or suite rented or leased to the tenant. Such building is vacant when it does not contain enough business personal property to conduct customary operations.

(b) When this policy is issued to the owner or general lessee of a building, building means the entire building. Such building is vacant unless at least 31% of its total square footage is:

- (i) Rented to a lessee or sub-lessee and used by the lessee or sub-lessee to conduct its customary operations; and/or
- (ii) Used by the building owner to conduct customary operations.

(2) Buildings under construction or renovation are not considered vacant.

b. Vacancy Provisions

If the building where loss or damage occurs has been vacant for more than 60 consecutive days before that loss or damage occurs:

(1) We will not pay for any loss or damage caused by any of the following even if they are Covered Causes of Loss:

- (a) Vandalism;
- (b) Sprinkler leakage, unless you have protected the system against freezing;
- (c) Building glass breakage;
- (d) Water damage;
- (e) Theft; or
- (f) Attempted theft.

(2) With respect to Covered Causes of Loss other than those listed in **b.(1)(a)** through **b.(1)(f)** above, we will reduce the amount we would otherwise pay for the loss or damage by 15%.

7. Valuation

We will determine the value of Covered Property in the event of loss or damage as follows:

a. At actual cash value as of the time of loss or damage, except as provided in **b.**, **c.**, **d.**, **e.** and **f.** below.

b. If the Limit of Insurance for Building satisfies the Additional Condition, Coinsurance, and the cost to repair or replace the damaged building property is \$2,500 or less, we will pay the cost of building repairs or replacement.

The cost of building repairs or replacement does not include the increased cost attributable to enforcement of any ordinance or law regulating the construction, use or repair of any property. However, the following property will be valued at the actual cash value even when attached to the building:

- (1) Awnings or floor coverings;
- (2) Appliances for refrigerating, ventilating, cooking, dishwashing or laundering; or
- (3) Outdoor equipment or furniture.

c. "Stock" you have sold but not delivered at the selling price less discounts and expenses you otherwise would have had.

d. Glass at the cost of replacement with safety glazing material if required by law.

e. Tenant's Improvements and Betterments at:

(1) Actual cash value of the lost or damaged property if you make repairs promptly.

(2) A proportion of your original cost if you do not make repairs promptly. We will

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

determine the proportionate value as follows:

- (a) Multiply the original cost by the number of days from the loss or damage to the expiration of the lease; and
- (b) Divide the amount determined in (a) above by the number of days from the installation of improvements to the expiration of the lease.

If your lease contains a renewal option, the expiration of the renewal option period will replace the expiration of the lease in this procedure.

- (3) Nothing if others pay for repairs or replacement.

f. Valuable Papers and Records, including those which exist on electronic or magnetic media (other than prepackaged software programs), at the cost of:

- (1) Blank materials for reproducing the records; and
- (2) Labor to transcribe or copy the records when there is a duplicate.

F. Additional Conditions

The following conditions apply in addition to the Common Policy Conditions and the Commercial Property Conditions.

1. Coinsurance

If a Coinsurance percentage is shown in the Declarations, the following condition applies.

- a. We will not pay the full amount of any loss if the value of Covered Property at the time of loss times the Coinsurance percentage shown for it in the Declarations is greater than the Limit of Insurance for the property.

Instead, we will determine the most we will pay using the following steps:

- (1) Multiply the value of Covered Property at the time of loss by the Coinsurance percentage;
- (2) Divide the Limit of Insurance of the property by the figure determined in Step (1);
- (3) Multiply the total amount of loss, before the application of any deductible, by the figure determined in Step (2); and
- (4) Subtract the deductible from the figure determined in Step (3).

We will pay the amount determined in Step (4) or the limit of insurance, whichever is less. For the remainder, you will either have to rely on other insurance or absorb the loss yourself.

Example No. 1 (Underinsurance):

When: The value of the property is	\$250,000
The Coinsurance percentage for it is	80%
The Limit of Insurance for it is	\$100,000
The Deductible is	\$250
The amount of loss is	\$40,000

Step (1): $\$250,000 \times 80\% = \$200,000$
(the minimum amount of insurance to meet your Coinsurance requirements)

Step (2): $\$100,000 \div \$200,000 = .50$

Step (3): $\$40,000 \times .50 = \$20,000$

Step (4): $\$20,000 - \$250 = \$19,750$

We will pay no more than \$19,750. The remaining \$20,250 is not covered.

Example No. 2 (Adequate Insurance):

When: The value of the property is	\$250,000
The Coinsurance percentage for it is	80%
The Limit of Insurance for it is	\$200,000
The Deductible is	\$250
The amount of loss is	\$40,000
The minimum amount of insurance to meet your Coinsurance requirement is \$200,000 ($\$250,000 \times 80\%$). Therefore, the Limit of Insurance in this Example is adequate and no penalty applies. We will pay no more than \$39,750 (\$40,000 amount of loss minus the deductible of \$250).	

- b. If one Limit of Insurance applies to two or more separate items, this condition will apply to the total of all property to which the limit applies.

Example No. 3:

When: The value of property is:	
Bldg. at Location No. 1	\$75,000
Bldg. at Location No. 2	\$100,000
Personal Property at Location No. 2	\$75,000
	<hr/>
	\$250,000
The Coinsurance percentage for it is	90%
The Limit of Insurance	

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

for Buildings and Personal Property at Location Nos. 1 and 2 is	\$180,000
the Deductible is	\$1,000
The amount of loss is:	
Bldg. at Location No. 2	\$30,000
Personal Property at Location No. 2	\$20,000
	<hr/>
	\$50,000

Step (1): $\$250,000 \times 90\% = \$225,000$
(the minimum amount of insurance to meet your Coinsurance requirements and to avoid the penalty shown below)

Step (2): $\$180,000 \div \$225,000 = .80$

Step (3): $\$50,000 \times .80 = \$40,000$.

Step (4): $\$40,000 - \$1,000 = \$39,000$.

We will pay no more than \$39,000. The remaining \$11,000 is not covered.

2. Mortgageholders

- a. The term "mortgageholder" includes trustee.
- b. We will pay for covered loss of or damage to buildings or structures to each mortgageholder shown in the Declarations in their order of precedence, as interests may appear.
- c. The mortgageholder has the right to receive loss payment even if the mortgageholder has started foreclosure or similar action on the building or structure.
- d. If we deny your claim because of your acts or because you have failed to comply with the terms of this Coverage Part, the mortgageholder will still have the right to receive loss payment if the mortgageholder:
 - (1) Pays any premium due under this Coverage Part at our request if you have failed to do so;
 - (2) Submits a signed, sworn proof of loss within 60 days after receiving notice from us of your failure to do so; and
 - (3) Has notified us of any change in ownership, occupancy or substantial change in risk known to the mortgageholder.

All of the terms of this Coverage Part will then apply directly to the mortgageholder.
- e. If we pay the mortgageholder for any loss or damage and deny payment to you because of your acts or because you have

failed to comply with the terms of this Coverage Part:

- (1) The mortgageholder's rights under the mortgage will be transferred to us to the extent of the amount we pay; and
- (2) The mortgageholder's right to recover the full amount of the mortgageholder's claim will not be impaired.

At our option, we may pay to the mortgageholder the whole principal on the mortgage plus any accrued interest. In this event, your mortgage and note will be transferred to us and you will pay your remaining mortgage debt to us.

f. If we cancel this policy, we will give written notice to the mortgageholder at least:

- (1) 10 days before the effective date of cancellation if we cancel for your nonpayment of premium; or
- (2) 30 days before the effective date of cancellation if we cancel for any other reason.

g. If we elect not to renew this policy, we will give written notice to the mortgageholder at least 10 days before the expiration date of this policy.

G. Optional Coverages

If shown as applicable in the Declarations, the following Optional Coverages apply separately to each item.

1. Agreed Value

- a. The Additional Condition, Coinsurance, does not apply to Covered Property to which this Optional Coverage applies. We will pay no more for loss of or damage to that property than the proportion that the Limit of Insurance under this Coverage Part for the property bears to the Agreed Value shown for it in the Declarations.
- b. If the expiration date for this Optional Coverage shown in the Declarations is not extended, the Additional Condition, Coinsurance, is reinstated and this Optional Coverage expires.
- c. The terms of this Optional Coverage apply only to loss or damage that occurs:
 - (1) On or after the effective date of this Optional Coverage; and
 - (2) Before the Agreed Value expiration date shown in the Declarations or the policy expiration date, whichever occurs first.

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

2. Inflation Guard

- a. The Limit of Insurance for property to which this Optional Coverage applies will automatically increase by the annual percentage shown in the Declarations.
- b. The amount of increase will be :
 - (1) The Limit of Insurance that applied on the most recent of the policy inception date, the policy anniversary date, or any other policy change amending the Limit of Insurance, times
 - (2) The percentage of annual increase shown in the Declarations, expressed as a decimal (example: 8% is .08), times
 - (3) The number of days since the beginning of the current policy year or the effective date of the most recent policy change amending the Limit of Insurance, divided by 365.

Example:

If: The applicable Limit of Insurance is \$100,000
 The annual percentage increase is 8%
 The number of days since the beginning of the policy year (or last policy change) is 146
 The amount of increase is
 $\$100,000 \times .08 \times 146 \div 365 =$
 \$3,200

3. Replacement Cost

- a. Replacement Cost (without deduction for depreciation) replaces Actual Cash Value in the Loss Condition, Valuation, of this Coverage Form.
- b. This Optional Coverage does not apply to:
 - (1) Personal property of others;
 - (2) Contents of a residence;
 - (3) Manuscripts;
 - (4) Works of art, antiques or rare articles, including etchings, pictures, statuary, marbles, bronzes, porcelains and bric-a-brac; or
 - (5) "Stock", unless the Including "Stock" option is shown in the Declarations.

Under the terms of this Replacement Cost Optional Coverage, tenants' improvements

and betterments are not considered to be the personal property of others.

- c. You may make a claim for loss or damage covered by this insurance on an actual cash value basis instead of on a replacement cost basis. In the event you elect to have loss or damage settled on an actual cash value basis, you may still make a claim for the additional coverage this Optional Coverage provides if you notify us of your intent to do so within 180 days after the loss or damage.
- d. We will not pay on a replacement cost basis for any loss or damage:
 - (1) Until the lost or damaged property is actually repaired or replaced; and
 - (2) Unless the repairs or replacement are made as soon as reasonably possible after the loss or damage.

With respect to tenants' improvements and betterments, the following also apply:

- (3) If the conditions in d.(1) and d.(2) above are not met, the value of tenants' improvements and betterments will be determined as a proportion of your original cost, as set forth in the Valuation Condition of this Coverage Form; and
- (4) We will not pay for loss or damage to tenants' improvements and betterments if others pay for repairs or replacement.
- e. We will not pay more for loss or damage on a replacement cost basis than the least of (1), (2) or (3), subject to f. below:
 - (1) The Limit of Insurance applicable to the lost or damaged property;
 - (2) The cost to replace the lost or damaged property with other property:
 - (a) Of comparable material and quality; and
 - (b) Used for the same purpose; or
 - (3) The amount actually spent that is necessary to repair or replace the lost or damaged property.

If a building is rebuilt at a new premises, the cost described in e.(2) above is limited to the cost which would have been incurred if the building had been rebuilt at the original premises.

- f. The cost of repair or replacement does not include the increased cost attributable to enforcement of any ordinance or law

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

regulating the construction, use or repair of any property.

4. Extension Of Replacement Cost To Personal Property Of Others

a. If the Replacement Cost Optional Coverage is shown as applicable in the Declarations, then this Extension may also be shown as applicable. If the Declarations show this Extension as applicable, then Paragraph **3.b.(1)** of the Replacement Cost Optional Coverage is deleted and all other provisions of the Replacement Cost Optional Coverage apply to replacement cost on personal property of others.

b. With respect to replacement cost on the personal property of others, the following limitation applies:

If an item(s) of personal property of others is subject to a written contract which

governs your liability for loss or damage to that item(s), then valuation of that item(s) will be based on the amount for which you are liable under such contract, but not to exceed the lesser of the replacement cost of the property or the applicable Limit of Insurance.

H. Definitions

1. "Pollutants" means any solid, liquid, gaseous or thermal irritant or contaminant, including smoke, vapor, soot, fumes, acids, alkalis, chemicals and waste. Waste includes materials to be recycled, reconditioned or reclaimed.
2. "Stock" means merchandise held in storage or for sale, raw materials and in-process or finished goods, including supplies used in their packing or shipping.

P

Y

